

Primary Voting History

• 1935

• Washington State establishes the "blanket primary" system in 1935, allowing voters to select candidates from any party without party affiliation declarations.

2000

 U.S. Supreme Court rules California's blanket primary unconstitutional in 2000, prompting challenges to Washington's system.

• 2003

 Federal District Court in Tacoma upholds Washington's blanket primary as constitutional in 2002, but it's later deemed unconstitutional by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals in 2003.

• 2004

 U.S. Supreme Court denies review in 2004, leading to the implementation of a pick-aparty primary.

Primary Voting History

• 2004

 Initiative 872, proposed in January 2004, aims to establish a "top two" primary system. This system allows voters to cast ballots for any candidate regardless of party preference. The top two candidates with the most votes advance to the general election, irrespective of party affiliation.

• 2004

• Initiative 872 is approved by voters in November 2004.

• 2008

 Legal challenges ensue, with courts ultimately upholding Initiative 872's constitutionality in 2008.

• 2008

 The first Top Two Primary is held in Washington in 2008, proving popular with 76% voter approval.

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Pierce County History of Ranked Choice Voting

- Pierce County's Charter Commission submitted Charter Amendment No. 3 to the voters to adopt Rank Choice Voting
 - Approved by the voters of Pierce County in November 2006
 - 52.93%
 - Eliminated the Pick-a-Party Primary for these offices
- Required the Pierce County Auditor to implement instant runoff voting for certain county offices by July, 2008
 - Executive

- Sheriff
- Assessor-Treasurer
- Auditor
- County Council Members
- -Excludes Judges and Prosecuting Attorney

How did we implement RCV?

- Hired RCV staff and a consultant to study and develop a project plan
- An internal legal review was conducted of the newly passed amendments and the changes to the charter
- Consulted numerous times with our tabulation vendor
 - Product availability and timeline
 - Software parameters

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Blue Ribbon Review Panel

- A Blue Ribbon Review Panel was formed
 - Five meetings were held
 - Provided feedback and input regarding new charter rules and implementation
 - Major topics included:
 - Filing for Office
 - Results Reporting
 - Voting Options
 - Voter Education
 - Presented 11 action items to the County Council

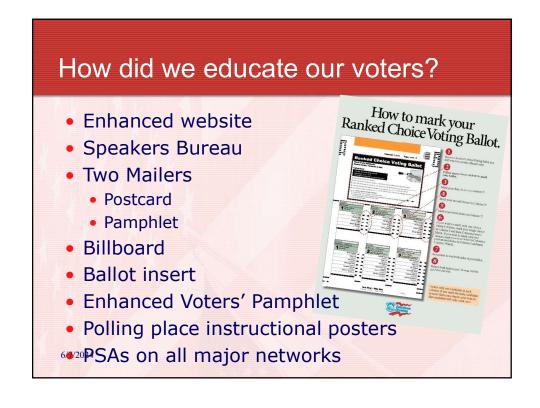
Additional Charter Amendments

- Four additional Charter Amendments were presented to the voters in November 2007
- These amendments sought to clarify the implementation of RCV
 - Ranking of three candidates
 - Minor Party Candidate Filing Requirements
 - Implementation Dates
 - Allowing for the Multiple Elimination of losing candidates

6/7/2024 Algorithm stops when a candidate has a majority

Pierce County Voters received two ballot cards Traditional Card RCV Card Many hours spent developing instructions and ballot design 6/7/2024





How much did it cost?	
2008 General Election Costs RCV One Time Costs - Software, Education, Equipment	\$1,664,542 \$857,025
RCV Ongoing Costs - Printing, Paper, Envelopes, Education, Staff RCV Subtotal Total Costs	\$769,773 \$1,626,798 \$3,291,340
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Did voters participate?	
Voter Turnout 2008: Traditional Ballot Cards counted RCV Ballot Cards counted Total Ballot Cards Counted Overall Turnout	333,824 312,771 646,595 81.20%
Voter Drop-off/Voter Fatigue Stats: Executive's Race Voters who didn't return an RCV ballot Voters who didn't select a 1st Choice Voters who didn't select a 2nd Choice Voters who didn't select a 3rd Choice	21,053 13,330 91,510 140,439
Assessor – Treasurer's Race Voters who didn't return an RCV ballot Voters who didn't select a 1st Choice Voters who didn't select a 2nd Choice 6/Voters who didn't select a 3rd Choice	21,053 50,431 125,270 150,833

Did voters like it?

- We surveyed all voters and 90,738 responded
 - 29,206 Liked Ranked Choice Voting
 - 33.98%
 - 56,751 Didn't Like Ranked Choice Voting
 - 66.02%
 - 4,781 Undecided/Miscellaneous

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Repeal of Ranked Choice Voting

- In January 2009, the Pierce County Council passed a Charter Amendment to repeal RCV
- General Election of 2009, Pierce County voters repealed RCV by a margin of 70.65% to 29.35%.
- 336 Precincts in the County only three (66 ballots cast) had majority support to keep the system.

RCV in Washington since 2009

- In 2022 three jurisdictions voted on RCV
 - City of Seattle Charter Amendment passed with 51% support.
 - Clark County Charter Amendment failed with 58%
 - San Juan County Charter Amendment failed with 54%

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Looking ahead at RCV in Washington

- Seattle will have RCV primary elections starting in 2027
- The primary will be RCV, resulting in two candidates moving towards the general.
- No current statewide standards have been established

Tacoma Elections

 Since 2011 the City of Tacoma has had 15 Primary elections and 41 General Elections

