

Comparison of Senate, House, and Proposed Conference Committee Versions of E2SSB 5536

Subject	Senate Version (E2SSB 5536)	House Version (H-1919.E)	Conference Committee Report (H-1994.4)	Special Session Striker
Drug	Possession of a Controlled	Possession of a Controlled	Same as the Senate	Knowing Possession of
Possession	Substance or a Counterfeit	Substance, a Counterfeit	version, except: (1) gross	Counterfeit or
Offenses and	Substance are reclassified	Substance, a Legend Drug,	misdemeanor offenses are	Controlled Substances
Penalties	as gross misdemeanors.	or 40 Grams of Less of	established for the	and knowing Use in a
		Cannabis are retained as	knowing Possession of a	Public Place are gross
		misdemeanors.	Controlled Substance or	misdemeanor crimes
	Possession of a Legend		Counterfeit Substance and	punishable by up to 180
	Drug or 40 Grams or Less		Use in a Public Place; and	days in jail and/or a
	of Cannabis are retained	Misdemeanor offenses are	(2) a misdemeanor offense	\$1,000 fine, unless the
	as misdemeanors.	established for the knowing	is established for the	defendant has at least
		possession of a controlled	knowing possession of a	two prior convictions
		substance, counterfeit	legend drug and use in a	for these crimes after
		substance, or legend drug	public place.	July 1, 2023, in which
		and use in a public place.		case the potential
				confinement increases
				to up to 364 days in jail.
				The terms "public
				place" and "use" are

				defined.
Testing	Beginning January 1,	Same as the Senate version,	Same as the Senate	Same as the Conference
Evidence for	2025, the Washington	except the specific	version.	Committee Report.
Suspected	State Patrol (WSP) must	appropriation is eliminated.		
Drug	aim to complete the			
Violations	necessary analysis for			
	evidence submitted for			
	suspected violations of			
	certain drug possession			
	offenses within 45 days of			
	receiving a request, but			
	failure to do so does not			
	constitute grounds for			
	dismissal.			
D			C 1 II	
Drug	The prohibition on giving	Same as the Senate version,	Same as the House	Same as the Conference
Paraphernalia	or permitting the giving of	except: (1) "smoking	version, except: (1)	Committee Report,
	drug paraphernalia is eliminated.	equipment" is removed	"smoking equipment" is restored to the list of	except the preemption
	eliminated.	from the list of public health		of paraphernalia
		supplies exempt from certain civil infractions; (2)	public health supplies exempt from certain civil	regulation does not prohibit cities and
	Contain itama and for	"outreach, shelter, and	infractions; and (2) the	counties from enacting
	Certain items used for	housing programs" are	preemption of drug	laws and ordinances
	testing or analyzing	added to the list of entities	paraphernalia regulation	related to the
	controlled substances are	that may distribute public	does not prohibit local	establishment or
	eliminated from the	health supplies; and (3) state	laws or ordinances	regulation of harm
	definition of "drug	preemption of the field of	relating to public hearing	reduction services
	paraphernalia" for the	drug paraphernalia	or notice requirements for	related to drug
	purpose of certain civil infractions.	regulation is established.	the establishment of	paraphernalia.
	IIIII aCUOIIS.	regulation is established.	the establishment of	paraphernana.

ation or use of nealth supplies public health ns, community-IIV prevention ns, and pharmacies, pt from certain fractions.		public health program, community-based HIV prevention program, or outreach, shelter, and housing program facilities or the operation of such facilities, where consistent with state law and consistent with or approved by local public health policies.	
nealth and syringe program staff are from arrest and ation for certain ssession offenses.			
al diversion	A pretrial diversion	Same as the House	Same as the Conference
n is established for charged with drug possession s.	opportunity is established for persons charged with certain drug possession offenses.	version, except: (1) references to "biopsychosocial assessment" are eliminated and the term "applicable program" is replaced with	Committee Report except: In all cases the court may not grant pretrial
art may grant a ant's motion for on, continue the , and refer the	for pretrial diversion are recovery navigator programs (RNP), law	LEAD programs, and arrest and jail alternative programs; (2) language	diversion unless the prosecutor consents.
int on, , a	's motion for continue the	's motion for for pretrial diversion are recovery navigator programs (RNP), law	's motion for continue the nd refer the for pretrial diversion are recovery navigator programs (RNP), law LEAD programs, and arrest and jail alternative programs; (2) language

evaluation by a designated substance use disorder (SUD) treatment program.

The court must make resources available to assist defendants with obtaining an SUD evaluation and assist the defendant with transportation to the evaluation, and the state must provide reimbursement for certain associated costs.

The prosecutor may motion to terminate diversion if it appears that the defendant is: (1) not substantially complying with the recommended treatment or services; (2) convicted of an offense that reflects the propensity for violence; (3) subsequently charged with a drug possession offense; or (4) convicted of a

diversion (LEAD)
programs, and arrest and jail
alternative programs, and
such programs must: (1)
conduct a biopsychosocial
assessment; (2) make
written reports stating
findings and
recommendations based on
the biopsychosocial
assessment; (3) and provide
written status updates at
least monthly.

If the applicable program's written report does not recommend any treatment or services, the defendant must instead complete an amount of community service as determined by the court, but not to exceed 120 hours.

The court is required to grant a motion for pretrial diversion in circumstances when the defendant is only charged with an applicable

prosecutor to consent to diversion if a defendant is only charged with other nonfelony offenses that are not crimes against persons is eliminated; (3) the RNP, LEAD program, or arrest and jail alternative program must provide the court with a confirmation of the defendant's completion of assessment and a statement indicating the defendant's enrollment or referral to any specific service or program, instead of a written report; (4) monthly status updates may be provided by the defendant's service provider; (5) the procedures for a hearing on a motion for termination from pretrial diversion are modified, including by eliminating the requirement for prosecutors to prove noncompliance by clear and convincing evidence;

felony.

If a defendant successfully completes diversion, including substantial compliance with recommended treatment or services, the court must dismiss the charge or charges.

offense, and prosecuting attorneys are encouraged to divert other cases meeting certain criteria.

Provisions in the Senate version related to assisting an applicable defendant with obtaining an evaluation and transportation to the evaluation, and state reimbursement for certain associated costs, are eliminated.

The prosecutor may motion to terminate diversion if it appears that the defendant is not substantially complying with the recommended treatment or services, or, if applicable, completing the community service; the court must consider certain factors at the hearing; and the prosecutor must establish by clear and convincing evidence that the noncompliance was willful,

(6) a defendant completes pretrial diversion either by having 12 months of substantial compliance with recommended treatment and services, or by completing recommended treatment and services, whichever occurs first, or, if no treatment or services were recommended, by completing up to 120 hours of community service; (7) RNPs, LEAD programs, and arrest and jail alternative programs, rather than prosecutors, must input information about applicable cases in the Health Care Authority's (HCA) data integration platform, beginning January 1, 2025; and (8) the definition of "substantial compliance" is eliminated.

and that the defendant should be terminated from pretrial diversion. Beginning January 1, 2024, prosecutors must input certain data and information about applicable cases in the statewide pretrial diversion tracking and reporting system. A defendant successfully completes pretrial diversion by having six months of substantial compliance with assessment and recommended treatment or services and progress toward recovery goals as reflected by a written status update from the applicable program, or by completing community service and submitting proof of completion to the court. "Substantial compliance" is

		defined as a defendant actively engaging with or making himself or herself available to treatment and services, and not willfully abandoning treatment and services.		
Sentencing and Vacating Qualifying Offenses	The court must impose specific sentences for applicable drug offense convictions based on the defendant's willingness to comply with certain agreed conditions of probation, including imposing a 21-day minimum sentence if the defendant refuses treatment and services, and imposing minimum sanctions for violating agreed conditions of probation.	The court must impose specific sentences for applicable drug offense convictions based on the defendant's willingness to comply with certain agreed conditions of probation. The mandatory minimum sentences for refusing treatment and services and the mandatory minimum sanctions for violating agreed conditions of probation in the Senate version are eliminated.	The court is encouraged to utilize any other resolution of the charges or terms of supervision that suit the circumstances of the defendant's situation and advance stabilization, recovery, crime reduction, and justice when sentencing the defendant for applicable drug offenses. A person convicted of an applicable drug offense may vacate the conviction by	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
	A person convicted of an applicable drug offense may vacate the conviction by completing an SUD	A person convicted of an applicable drug offense may vacate the conviction by	completing an SUD program and filing proof of completion with the	

	treatment program as next	having six months of	count on by obtaining an	
	treatment program as part	having six months of	court, or by obtaining an	
	of an agreed condition of	substantial compliance with	assessment from an RNP,	
	probation.	assessment and	LEAD program, or arrest	
		recommended treatment or	and jail alternative	
		services and progress	program and having six	
		toward recovery goals	months of substantial	
		as reflected by a written status update from an RNP, LEAD program, or arrest and jail alternative program, or by completing court-ordered community service, as part of an agreed condition of probation.	compliance with recommended treatment or services.	
		A person convicted of an applicable drug offense may vacate the conviction if the person has not been arrested, charged, or convicted in the two years following the current conviction.		
Data	Not in the Senate version.	The Administrative Office	Removed.	Same as the Conference
Collection by		of the Courts (AOC) must		Committee Report.
the		collect data and		
Administrative		information, and submit an		
Office of the		annual report, related to		
Courts		utilization and outcomes of		

		specific forms of pretrial diversion, sentencing, and postconviction relief for applicable drug offenses, and the rates of recidivism for certain offenders.		
		AOC must establish and maintain a statewide pretrial diversion tracking and reporting system by January 1, 2024.		
Opioid Use	The list of facilities that	Same as the Senate version,	Same as the House	Same as the Conference
Disorder	are considered "essential	except: (1) the definition of	version.	Committee Report
Treatment	public facilities" for the purpose of local land-use regulations is expanded to include opioid treatment programs (OTPs), recovery residences, SUD treatment facilities, and harm reduction programs excluding safe injection sites.	"harm reduction programs" is expanded to include SUD treatment and other services, rather than other health care services; and (2) the current law requirement for the Department of Health (DOH) to hold a public hearing before licensing or certifying an OTP is eliminated.		except: When making a decision on an application for licensing or certification of an OTP, DOH must provide public notice to all appropriate media outlets in the
	Counties and cities may only impose reasonable			community in which the OTP is proposed to be

	conditional use requirements on OTPs that are similarly applied to other essential public facilities and health care settings, and counties and cities are prohibited from imposing a maximum capacity on an OTP.			located.
Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion Grant Program	The existing LEAD pilot project is converted to a grant program administered by the HCA.	Same as the Senate version.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Funding Substance Use Disorder Treatment Programs	A program is established in the Department of Commerce to fund the construction costs necessary to start up SUD treatment programs in underserved regions of the state.	Same as the Senate version, but the program is expanded to include SUD services programs and recovery housing.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Mandatory Law Enforcement	The provision in current law requiring law enforcement to offer a	Same as the Senate version.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.

Diversion	person who would otherwise be subject to arrest for qualifying drug possession offenses at least two referrals to assessment and services in lieu of legal system involvement is repealed.			
Reporting Obligations of Behavioral Health and Service Providers	The provision in current law that requires behavioral health and service providers to inform the referring law enforcement agency of certain violations by persons referred to the provider by the agency for treatment and services is modified to require reporting and permit filing of criminal charges regardless of whether such reporting or filing of charges is consistent with the terms of the program.	Removed.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Right to	A child's parent, guardian,	Removed.	Same as the House	Same as the Conference

Counsel in Family Law Proceedings	or custodian in a parenting plan or child custody proceeding may have the right to court-appointed counsel, subject to certain conditions.		version.	Committee Report.
Recovery Residences	The HCA must: (1) make sufficient funding available to support establishment of an adequate and equitable stock of recovery residences in each region of the state, including by expansion of a revolving fund program; (2) establish a voucher program to allow recovery housing operators to hold bed space for individuals who are waiting for treatment or who have returned to use and need a place to stay while negotiating a return to stable housing; (3) conduct outreach to underserved and rural areas to support the	Same as the Senate version, except: (1) the reference to expansion of a revolving fund program is eliminated; and (2) the provisions requiring outreach to underserved and rural areas and training for housing providers are modified to include "Black, indigenous, and people of color communities and immigrant communities."	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report except: The voucher program for recovery residences is limited to providing vouchers to hold bed space for individuals who are waiting for treatment.

	development of			
	recovery housing,			
	including adequate			
	resources for certain			
	demographics and			
	communities; and (4) by			
	January 1, 2024, develop a			
	training for housing providers to assist with			
	providing			
	appropriate services to			
	certain communities.			
	Real and personal property			
	used by a nonprofit			
	organization in			
	maintaining an approved			
	recovery residence is			
	exempt from taxes levied			
	for collection in calendar			
	years 2024 through 2033,			
	under certain conditions.			
Training and	By June 30, 2024, the	Same as the Senate version,	Same as the House	Same as the Conference
Resources for	HCA must, in consultation	except: (1) the provision	version.	Committee Report.
Parents and	with the Department of	related to HCA and DCYF's		
Caseworkers	Children, Youth, and	training is codified in		
	Families (DCYF), develop	chapter 71.24 RCW, rather		

	training for parents of children and transition age youth with SUDs. The DCYF must make appropriate training and opioid overdose reversal medication available for use by caseworkers or employees that may encounter individuals experiencing overdose	than chapter 43.21 RCW; (2) the training is for parents of transition age youth and adolescents, rather than children, with SUDs; (3) the training must including suicide prevention; and (4) the DCYF must provide opioid overdose reversal medication and training to DCYF staff whose job duties require in person service or case management for child welfare or juvenile rehabilitation clients.		
Data Integration Platform	By June 30, 2024, the HCA must develop and implement a data integration platform: (1) to serve as a common database for diversion efforts across Washington; (2) to serve as a data collection and management tool for practitioners; and (3) to assist in standardizing	Same as the Senate version, except HCA must engage and consult with the LEAD National Support Bureau on data integration approaches, platforms, quality assurance protocols, and validation practices for the platform.	Same as the House version, except: (1) the platform is expanded to include tracking of pretrial diversion outcomes and demographic data about participants, rather than requiring similar data tracking by the AOC; (2) the platform is developed to support RNPs, LEAD programs, arrest and jail	Same as the Conference Committee Report.

Operation of	related to the scope and	version, except: (1) the	Committee Report.
Recovery	operation of RNPs are	HCA is directed to revise	
Navigator	modified to: (1) state that	its RNP standards by June	
Programs	the goal of the RNPs is to	30, 2024, rather than	
	provide law enforcement	December 31, 2023; and	
	and other criminal legal	(2) the assessment by the	
	system personnel with	CJTC is eliminated.	
	alternatives to legal system		
	involvement for criminal		
	activity stemming from		
	behavioral		
	health needs or poverty; (2)		
	require that each RNP have		
	a dedicated project manager		
	and be governed by policy		
	coordinating groups; (3)		
	define "core principles" to		
	be the core principles of a		
	LEAD		
	program, as established by		
	the LEAD National Support		
	Bureau as of May 1, 2023;		
	(4) require RNPs to be		
	organized on a scale to		
	allow meaningful		
	engagement, collaboration,		
	and coordination with law		
	enforcement and municipal		
	agencies through the policy		
	coordinating groups; (5)		

Hubs	health engagement hubs by January 1, 2025. The HCA must make sufficient funding available to ensure that a health engagement hub is available within a two-hour drive for all communities and that there is at least one health engagement hub available per 200,000 state residents.	engagement hubs in at least two sites, with one site located in an urban area and one located in a rural area, by August 1, 2024.	HCA must also develop payment structures for health engagements hubs by June 30, 2024; and (2) the HCA is prohibited from implementing certain requirements related to value-based bundled payment methodology in managed care contracts unless expressly authorized by the legislature.	except: Health engagement hubs are limited to serving persons who are 18 years of age or older.
Education and Employment Pathways	The HCA must establish a grant program for providers of employment, education, training, certification, and other supportive programs designed to provide persons recovering from SUDs with employment opportunities.	Same as the Senate version, except the grant program applies to programs designed to provide persons recovering from SUDs with employment and education opportunities, rather than only employment opportunities.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Statewide	The HCA must collaborate	Same as the Senate version.	Same as the Senate	Same as the Conference

Treatment and Services Mapping Tool	with the DOH and the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) to expand the Washington Recovery Help Line and the recovery readiness asset tool.		version.	Committee Report.
Work Group on Treatment Intake, Screening, and Assessments	The HCA must convene a work group to recommend changes to systems, policies, and processes related to intake, screening, and assessment for SUD services, and the work group must present its recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature by December 1, 2024.	Same as the Senate version.	Same as the Senate version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Remote Dispensing of Medication	Not in the Senate version.	Remote dispensing sites may dispense medications used for the treatment of the symptoms of opioid use disorder, and the dispensing technology may be owned by either a pharmacy or a remote dispensing site.	Same as the House version.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.

Data	Not in the Senate version.	The HCA is responsible for	Same as the House	Same as the Conference
Collection		regular assessments of the	version.	Committee Report.
Related to		prevalence of SUDs and		
Substance Use		interactions of persons with		
Disorders		SUDs with service		
		providers, nonprofit service		
		providers, health care		
		facilities, and law		
		enforcement agencies.		
		The HCA must identify the		
		necessary types and sources		
		of data to implement		
		appropriate data gathering		
		to provide the information		
		in its regular assessments,		
		and report to the Governor		
		and the Legislature		
		regarding the available data		
		and the new data needed to		
		provide the information in		
		the regular assessments.		
		Beginning July 1, 2024, and		
		each July 1 thereafter until		
		July 1, 2028, the HCA must		
		provide an implementation		

		report to the Governor and Legislature regarding recovery residences, RNPs, the health engagement pilot programs, and the LEAD grants programs, and the data obtained by the HCA for the reports must be integrated with WSIPP's study on the long-term effectiveness of RNPs and LEAD programs.		
Appropriations	Appropriations are provided from multiple sources for the following purposes: (1) \$1.205 million to WSP for completing the analysis of evidence in certain drug possession offense investigations; (2) \$34.551 million to the HCA for expanding efforts to provide opioid use disorder medication in city, county, regional, and tribal jails; (3) \$7 million to the HCA for providing support for new and	All specific appropriations in the Senate version are stricken, and the related provisions are made subject to appropriation.	Appropriations are provided from multiple sources for the following purposes: (1) \$60,000 to DOH for adopting rules and conducting inspections of mobile medication units; (2) \$734,000 to the Department of Revenue for administering the recovery residence tax exemption; (3) \$23,000 to the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Committee for	Maintains all appropriations from the Conference Committee Report, with the following additions: An additional \$1.4 million to HCA for the purpose of maintaining a memorandum of understanding with the CJTC to provide funding for community grants.

established clubhouses throughout the state; (4) \$3.166 million to the HCA for establishing and expanding 23-hour crisis relief centers; (5) \$3.6 million to the HCA for maintaining a memorandum of understanding with the CJTC to provide ongoing funding for community grants; and (6) \$5 million to the HCA for providing ongoing grants to LEAD programs.

conducting a tax preference review of the recovery residence tax exemption;

- (4) \$1.263 million to the WSP for completing the analysis of evidence in certain drug possession offense investigations;
- (5) \$7.593 million to the HCA for administering this act;
- (6) \$4 million to the HCA for establishing a health engagement hub pilot program;
- (7) \$3.6 million to the HCA for maintaining a memorandum of understanding with the CJTC to provide ongoing funding for community grants;
- (8) \$2 million to the HCA for establishing and expanding 23-hour crisis relief center capacity;
- (9) \$3.768 million to the

An additional \$2.5 million to HCA for the purpose of providing short-term housing vouchers to individuals with substance use disorders.

\$5 million to HCA for the purpose of awarding contracts through grant programs for LEAD.

An additional \$1.7 million to the Office of Homeless Youth to administer a competitive grant process to award funding to youth shelters, HOPE centers, and crisis residential centers to provide behavioral health support services.

\$9 million is appropriated to the

HCA for increasing the	Office of Public
number of mobile	Defense to provide
methadone units operated	public defense services
by existing OTPs,	for defendants charged
increasing the number of	with possession or
OTP fixed medication	public use of drugs in
units operated by existing	counties with a
OTPs, and expanding	population of 500,000
OTPs with a prioritization	or less and cities with a
for rural areas;	population of 2000,000
(10) \$5.242 million to the	or less.
` '	
HCA for providing grants to providers of	
employment and	
educational services for	
individuals with SUDs; (11) \$2 million to the	
` '	
HCA for providing grants to support SUD family	
navigator programs;	
navigator programs,	
(12) \$5 million to the	
HCA to provide short-	
term housing vouchers for	
individuals with SUDs,	
with a focus on the five	
most populous counties of	
the state;	
(12) \$4 million 4- 4	
(13) \$4 million to the	
HCA for providing grants	

for operational costs of recovery residences, with a focus on the five most populous counties of the state;
(14) \$2 million to the HCA for providing behavioral health coresponder services on nonlaw enforcement emergency medical response teams;
(15) \$500,000 to the HCA for continued and increased contracting services to provide information and support on safe housing and support services for certain youth; and
(16) \$1.3 million to the Department of Commerce for the Office of Homeless Youth to administer grant funding to youth shelters and centers to provide behavioral health support services, including SUD services.

Null and Void and Severability Clauses	Not in the Senate version.	Adds a null and void clause and a severability clause.	Same as House version, except the null and void clause is removed.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.
Intent Section	Contains an intent section.	Contains a modified intent section.	Removed.	Same as the Conference Committee Report.