Downtown Commercial Office Incentive

Presented By: Elly Walkowiak, CED Randy Lewis, GRO

Economic Development Committee October 25, 2016

Proposed State Legislation to Close the Jobs Gap Across Washington's Urban Centers



Urban Center Population Growth

Disproportionate population growth across Washington's urban centers.

0'44	0		Change	% Change
City	Census 2010	OFM 2015	2010-2015	2010-2015
Seattle	608,660	662,400	53,740	8.8%
Tacoma	198,397	202,300	3,903	2.0%
Everett	103,019	105,800	2,781	2.7%
Spokane	208,916	213,100	4,184	2.0%
Vancouver	161,791	170,400	8,609	5.3%

City Population Growth Within Counties

Population densifying dramatically in Seattle; sprawl occurring in other urban counties.

City/County	City Change 2010-2015	County Change 2010-2015	City Change As % County Change 2010-2015
Seattle/King	53,740	121,551	44.2%
Tacoma/Pierce	3,903	34,895	11.2%
Everett/Snohomish	2,781	44,265	6.3%
Spokane/Spokane	4,184	17,089	24.5%
Vancouver/Clark	8,609	26,457	32.5%

Urban County Employment Growth

Disproportionate employment growth across Washington's urban counties.

County	OFM 2015 State Population	% OFM 2015 State Population	ESD 2013-2018 State Employment Growth	% 2013-2018 State Employment Growth
King	2,052,800	29.1%	145,800	44.3%
Pierce	830,120	11.8%	32,000	9.7%
Snohomish	757,600	10.7%	23,000	7.0%
Spokane	488,310	6.9%	22,700	6.9%
Clark	451,820	6.4%	22,400	6.8%

Washington State Population: 7,061,410 (OFM 2015) Washington State 2013-2018 Projected Employment Growth: 328,900 (ESD)

Urban County Median Wage Comparison

Median wage of State higher than several urban counties.

County	2014 ESD State Median Wage/ Hour	2014 ESD County Median Wage/ Hour	Difference Between State and County Median Wage/Hour
King	\$22.61	\$27.82	+\$5.21
Pierce	\$22.61	\$20.72	-\$1.89
Snohomish	\$22.61	\$25.40	+\$2.79
Spokane	\$22.61	\$19.21	-\$3.40
Clark	\$22.61	\$20.32	-\$2.29

Insight Into Employment Disparity

Concentrated growth in Seattle area leads to:

Increased traffic congestion, especially along I-5

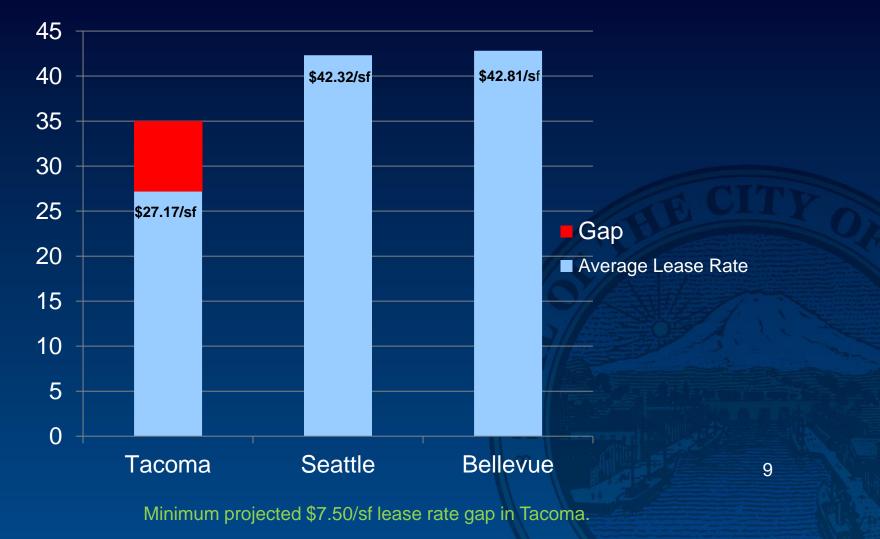
- Extends commute times which amplifies carbon footprint producing more greenhouse gases
- Strains public infrastructure necessitating State and regional infrastructure investment to exceed \$20 billion within next decade

Challenges for Urban Centers Outside King County

- No new construction of Class A office buildings outside King County since 2001
- Little demand to build new office space because infrastructure is concentrated in King County
- Costs to build new office space are relatively similar across urban centers while rents are significantly lower outside King County

ROI Less in Tacoma

Sq. Ft. Cost



Encouraging Secondary Markets

- The office market will be enabled to respond in Tacoma and other secondary markets if:
 - Developers can yield an adequate rate of return commensurate with investment risk
 - Construction phased with market absorption
 - Key infrastructure and entitlements in place

What Success Looks Like

- Encouraging development, employment and population growth in smaller urban centers in order to minimize urban sprawl and address equity issues while preserving open space
- Reducing traffic congestion along highways by spending transportation and infrastructure dollars in smaller urban centers to promote equitable growth
- Maintaining affordable housing by promoting livable wage job growth throughout the State

Proposed State Legislation Principles

- Create demonstration projects in urban cores outside King County
- Minimize State and School District fiscal impact
- Limit number of cities that qualify

Proposed State Legislation Parameters

- Project-specific property and construction-related sales taxes
- Downtown geography
- New construction; will explore adaptive reuse

Immediate Next Steps

- State Representative Fey to sponsor legislation
- Working with State legislative staff on draft
- Draft bill to be vetted with Council, development community and other cities in December 2016

State Benefits

- Incentivizing work place growth outside Seattle/King County will help to:
 - Reduce future State infrastructure investment
 - Decrease future State social safety net costs
 - Protect the environment by working to avert climate change

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