# Urban Design Studio - 2019

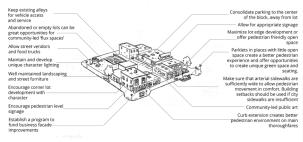


WHOLE BLOCKS FOR TACOMA These are examples for potential block typologies that make a good use of space and foster a more walkable lifestyle. The architectural styles shown are not prescriptive, only the general scale and

lement	Residential Block	Traditional Commercial Retail Block	Lowrise Mixed-Use Block	
Allow for intermittent smaller apartment buildings				Regular transit service could supplement parking need
Allow for intermittent small retail uses throughout the neighborhood				Curb extensions, bike racks, and wider sidewalks to activate street life
Trees can be put into parking lots to provide shade and green				Mixed use or retrofitted residential as commercial with compatible street edge development
Utilize alleys for parking and utility access				Abandoned and empty lots could be great opportunitie
Allow for Accessory Dwelling Units to keep neighborhood character while expanding housing supply				for community-led flux spaces' Allow street vendors and food trucks Encourage pedestrian level signage Establish a program to fund business facade
Trees can provide green cover and privacy				Establish a program to rund business facade improvements
Regular street trees and plantings				Consolidate parking to the center of the block, away
Encourage residential setbacks to a uniform 10 feet				from lot frontage
Duplex developments and conversions keeping with neighborhood character				Allow for appropriate signage Maximize lot edge development or offer pedestrian
Allow unique signage				Maximize lot edge development or otter pedestrian friendly open space
Older or smaller retail spaces should be preserved or added				Parklets in places with little open space create a better Make sure that arterial sidewalks are sufficiently wide
Continue to add street furniture, plantings, and character lighting				allow pedestrian movement in comfort. Building
Unique corner buildings (new or historic) can serve as landmarks				setbacks should be used if city sidewalks are insufficien Community-led public art
Fill in street frontages. Parking should be on the street or located at the back or in alleys		1		Curb extension creates better pedestrian environment on main thoroughfares



#### TRADITIONAL COMMERCIAL RETAIL BLOCK



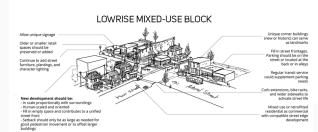


Image from 2018 University of Washington, Tacoma, Urban Design Studio Project (Past Informs the Present - Dat Nguyen)



Design review has been used by numerous communities throughout the nation to achieve local objectives such as: improving the architectural quality of new projects, enhancing the pedestrian environment, improving safety and security, preserving historic districts, improving compatibility between new and existing structures, involving community members in decisions about the built environment, and, in general, building more livable and economically viable communities.

In 2019, the City will be embarking on a public process to develop a design review program to compliment the review process already underway in the historic districts and the Thea Foss waterway. The first phase will involve significant public outreach to better understand our community's objectives for design review before we move into program development.

### **Project Milestones**

- 2016 The Design Review Analysis Manual was completed to identify the key components and options for a design review program.
- 2017 Project budget approved by council
- 2018 Staff was hired to bring additional expertise
- 2019 Consultants are being brought on to develop a work plan and initiate the program development. Staff will launch the public process and scoping phase of the project with program recommendations expected in 2020.





Staff Contact: Mesa Sherriff, Assoc. AIA, LEED AP msherriff@cityoftacoma.org 253.591.5480

# PROJECT OVERVIEW

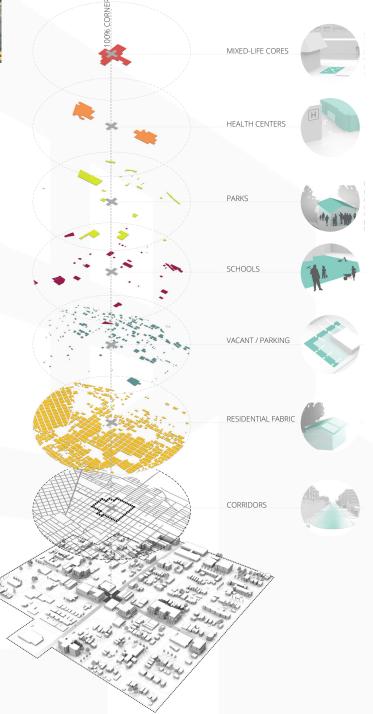
Staff is currently working with stakeholders to determine a subset of significant projects to facilitate effectively accomplishing project outcomes. These outcomes will fall into two categories, some deliverables (operations manuals, code modifications, etc) will be implemented comprehensively. Others (design guidelines, design review, etc) will need to be focused for this phase on significant projects (as discussed below) while anticipating eventual inclusion of additional projects in subsequent phases of work.

Throughout the One Tacoma Plan and Tacoma 2025, policy guidance highlights design review as opportunity to create unique places, promote innovation and quality, and imbue public space with features and amenities that promote the health and vitality of residents and visitors. Staff have identified five strategies that would parse out a subset of projects to focus this phase of work on.

- 1. Public Projects
- 2. Projects in Neighbourhood Centres
- 3. Projects on Pedestrian Corridors
- 4. Projects in zone transitions (MUC to Residential, etc)
- 5. Projects in Mixed Use Centres

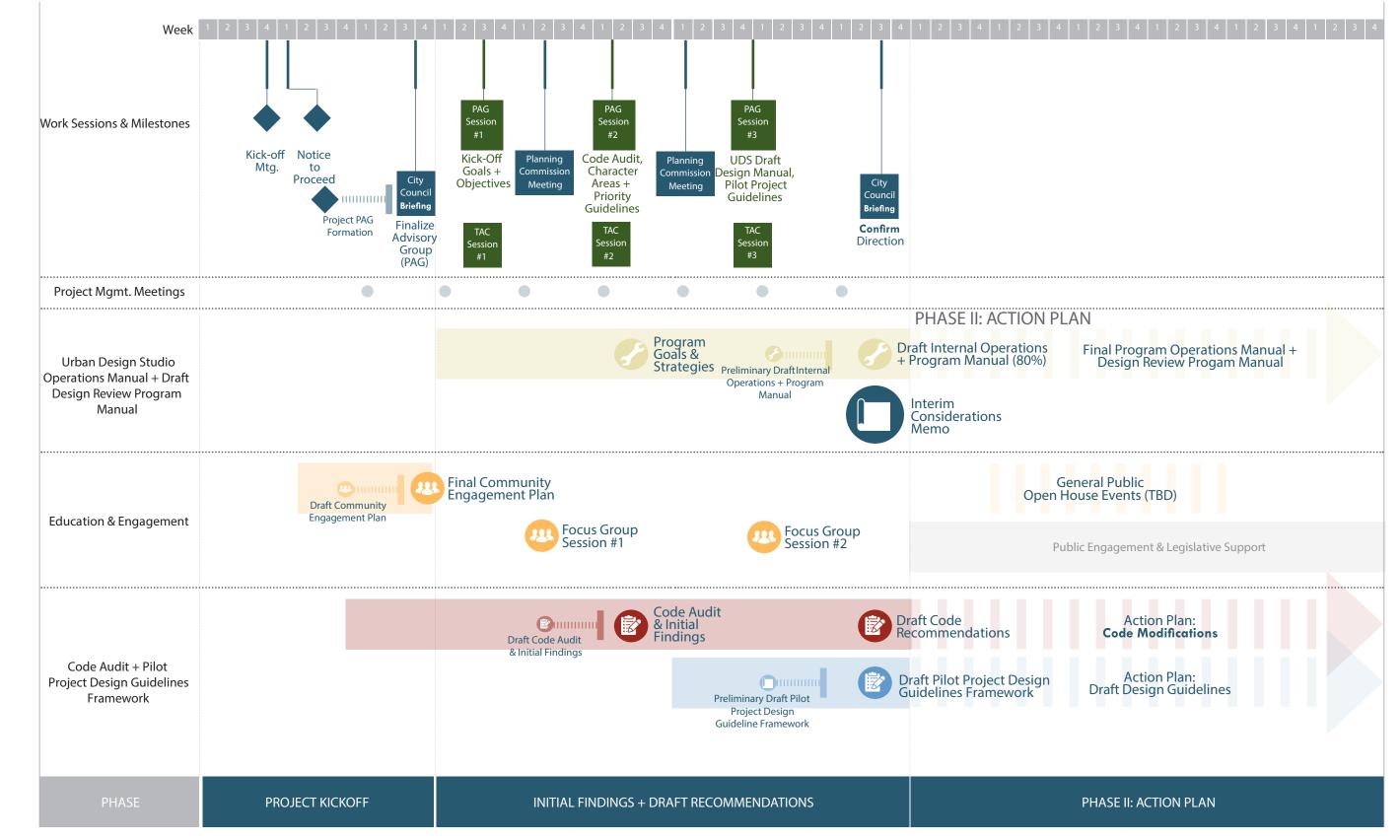
## **Project Deliverables**

- Urban Design Studio and operations manual
- Design review program manual
- Draft code recommendations and modifications
- Draft design guidelines





## PROJECT SCHEDULE PHASE I: INITIAL FINDINGS + RECOMMENDATIONS



MEETINGS

DELIVERABLES