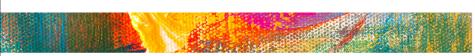
# 2021-2022 BUDGET DEVELOPMENT

Study Session
Office of Management & Budget
February 18, 2020





#### 2021-2022 BUDGETING GOALS



Establishes Alignment with Organizational Goals



Focuses on Results & Outcomes Given Available Resources



Involves & Promotes Effective Communication with



**Reflects Equity Principles** 

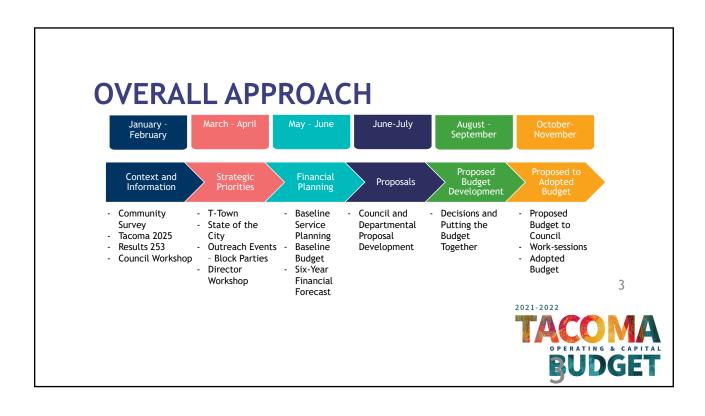


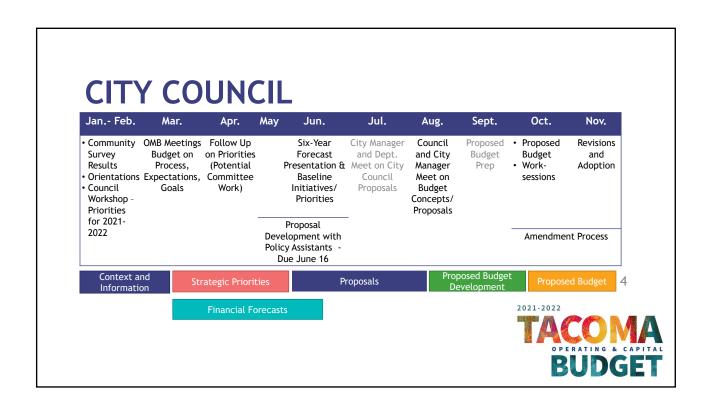
Incorporates Long Term Perspective



Supports Fiscally Responsible Actions by Management and Employees ★

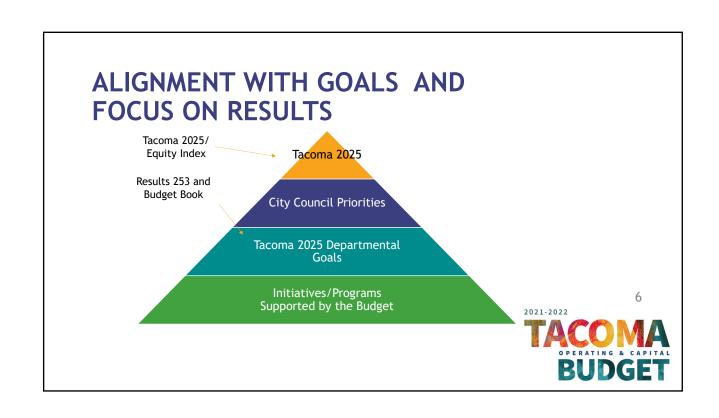






# ALIGNMENT WITH GOALS FOCUSING ON RESULTS INVOLVING COMMUNITY ADVANCING EQUITY





#### **INVOLVING COMMUNITY - OUTREACH**

#### **Objectives**

- Improve trust in government
  - Improve belief that people can impact the City
  - Voter participation
- Engage communities that do not usually engage with the City
- Gain meaningful input that can inform decisions on resourcing and work planning for 2021-2022

#### How?

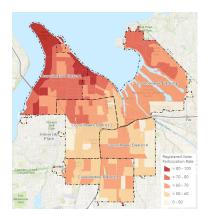
- Community Survey
- · Participatory Budgeting
- T-Town
- State of the City
- Budget Block Parties
- Online Engagement Tools
- Summer Events

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#### **ADVANCING EQUITY**

- Early engagement with Departments
- Equity lens and equity index used for both overall strategic direction and in each proposal
- External engagement is focused on engage communities that do not usually engage with the City

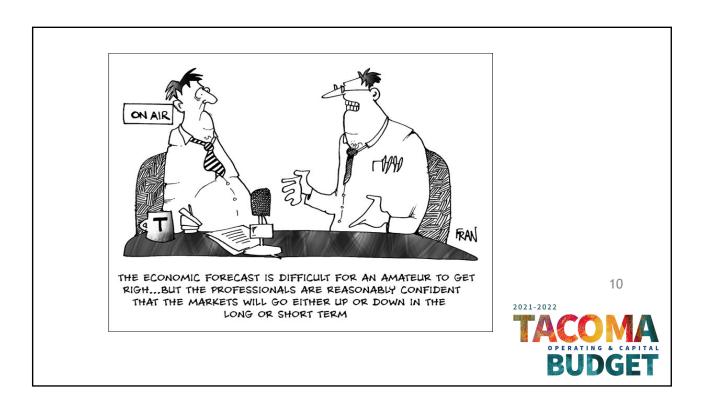


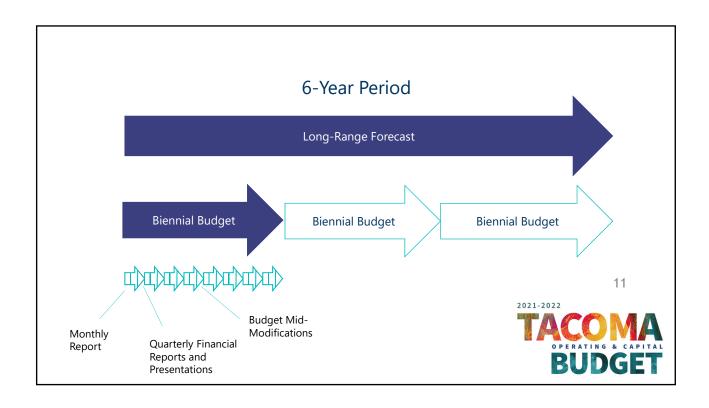


# INCORPORATES LONG TERM PERSPECTIVE

# SUPPORTS FISCALLY RESPONSIBLE ACTIONS







#### LONG-RANGE FORECAST

- 6-year basis
- Assumes status quo continues
- Provides snapshot of long-term structural sustainability of the City's tax base and expense base
- Facilitates discussions of long-term policies, such as infrastructure investment, labor and pension costs, and tax polices
- Exposes impacts on future generations of short-term decisions

City Council Touch Points: Presented in late May/early June.
Updated throughout the budget development process



## WHAT DOES A BAD FORECASTING/BUDGETING PROCESS LOOK LIKE?

- Doesn't discuss its assumptions or positive and negative considerations
- Too tight meaning that decision-makers won't have room to respond to emergent issues
- Doesn't consider future needs (such as maintenance)
- · Doesn't include frequent monitoring
- Commitments outside of priorities setting process and reviews of financials

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### WHAT DOES A GOOD FORECASTING/ BUDGETING PROCESS LOOK LIKE?

- If we are always going to be "wrong," we want to be on the right side of wrong
- Allows for some changes in the economy to the negative or positive without requiring severe corrections
- Clear about assumptions and risks
- Monitors trends and adjusts budget as needed (adjust our spending to match changes in the economy)
- Tracks one-time and accumulated savings for needed future investments
- <u>Decisions are made holistically and in context of other needs and financial</u> projections As part of budget decision process



# ANOTHER ECONOMICS JOKE? THERE ISN'T ENOUGH DEMAND

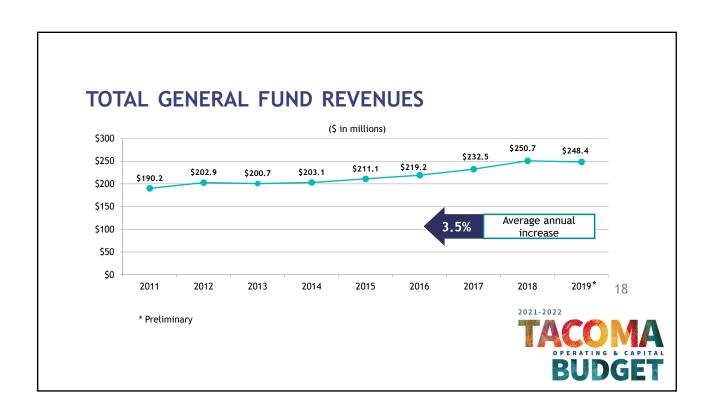
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BUDGET

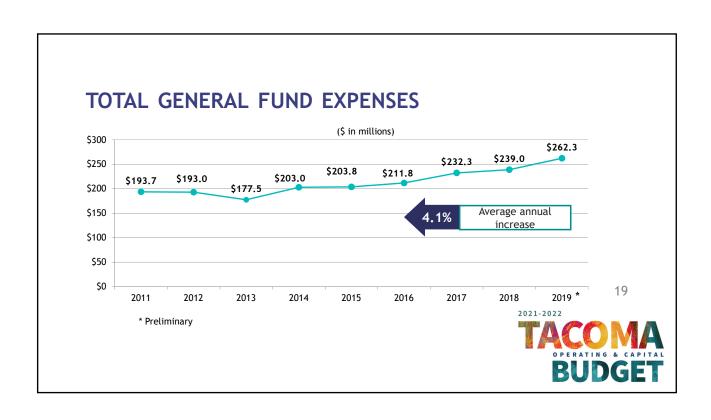
#### **CURRENT ECONOMIC OUTLOOK** Uncertain • Global Uncertainty & Trade Tensions Cautiously Cautiously - Reduces Investment Optimistic Pessimistic · Inverted Yield Curve · Global Manufacturing Recession Consumer Confidence Pessimistic Optimistic Job Growth Slowing · Remaining Affordability and Wage Concerns Coronavirus 16

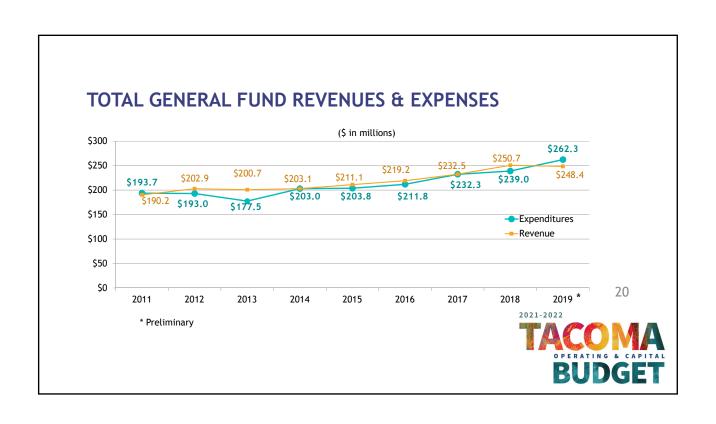
# APPROACHES TO DEALING WITH ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTY

- Use Ongoing Revenues for Ongoing Expenses/Services and One-time Revenues for One-time expenses
- Assess Baseline Service Levels
  - · Reduce costs through service changes
  - · Identify new revenue sources limited
- Build Strategic Reserves for Known Commitments
  - Savings go to fund commitments in future years
  - · Build the reserves as well in support funds
- · Identify One-Time Investments that can be Delayed or Eliminated
  - Examples from Mid-Biennium Modification
- Limit New Service Growth or Ongoing Growth
- Identify New Revenues to Support New or Expanded Services

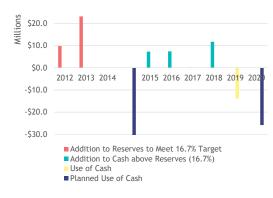








#### **REBUILDING RESERVES**



#### How to build reserves:

- · More revenues than expense
  - Revenues above Projection: Revenues Exceed Budget (2% Goal), One-time Revenues
  - Expenses Below Projections: Lower than Anticipated Costs, Expense Savings, Expense Delays or Eliminations (2% Goal)
  - · Intentional Reductions

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#### **RESERVES**

#### Why

- Bond Ratings
  - Fitch Upgraded Two Notches -A+ to AA
  - Lower Cost of Borrowing
- Strategic Use of Reserves Above Targets
- Cyclical Reserve Drops in Revenues (12-18 Months)
- One-Time Emergency Needs

#### **Current Risks**

- Deferred Asset Management means facility risks (repair, replacement, or failures)
- Impact on Borrowing
- Economic Outlook and Sales Tax Trend
- Local Economy Changes



#### **OUTSTANDING ITEMS**

#### **Commitments**

- SR167 (\$1.5 M)
- Sound Transit Link (\$1.0 M)

#### Other Considerations and Projects

- Heidelberg Complex
- · Fire Service Study and Facilities
- Library Services Study
- Police Staffing Study
- Tacoma Dome Asset Needs, Street Operations Building, and Tacoma Municipal Building Needs
- · Ruston Way Visioning
- Legal Risks
- I-976
- Mitigation of Click! Revenues



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#### **KEY POINTS**

#### **Current Issues**

- Expense Growth Continues to Exceed Revenue Growth
- Outstanding Commitments and Considerations
- Economic Risks

#### Approach

- Revenue Projections will likely be Flat to Limited Growth
- Assess Baseline Service Levels and Make Expense Reductions
- Maintain Reserve Levels



#### **SUMMARY**

Strategic Alignment, Results, Engagement, & Equity Long Term Forecasting and Financial Sustainable Decisions

- · Economic cycles are inevitable, we should be prepared
- · We've made progress, but the structural deficit still exists
- Forecasts should be accurate enough to guide policy decisions and flexible enough to respond to changing conditions and new information
- Spending decisions should be made in context of other priorities
- Reserves are an important part of financial management

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#### **NEXT STEPS**

- City Council Work on Priorities
- Meetings with City Council on Expectation and Budget Process
- Six Year Forecast June 2nd
- City Council proposals Due June 16th
- Proposed Budget



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#### STRATEGIC USE OF RESERVES

	2019-2020 Adopted Budget
2018 Ending Cash - Unrestricted	
Revenues	
Expenses	
Planned Use of Cash	
Projected Reserve Level - 16.7%	
Re-appropriation	
Modification	
Current Reserve Level	



#### PROPOSAL DEVELOPMENT

- Identifies problem and uses data to demonstrate predicted impact
- Aligns with goals, strategies, and initiatives
- · Consciously advances equity
- Includes collaboration with internal and external partners



#### **OMB ROLE**

- Develop, coordinate and manage the process
- Provide analysis to ensure data is effectively and consistently used impacts of funding, accurate financials with a focus on sustainability
- Ensure consistency to improve communication, quality analysis, and fairness across departments promotes trust and transparency
- Advise on cross departmental items, strategies for meeting council and departmental priorities, and funding approaches

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DRAFT OMB

